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1908

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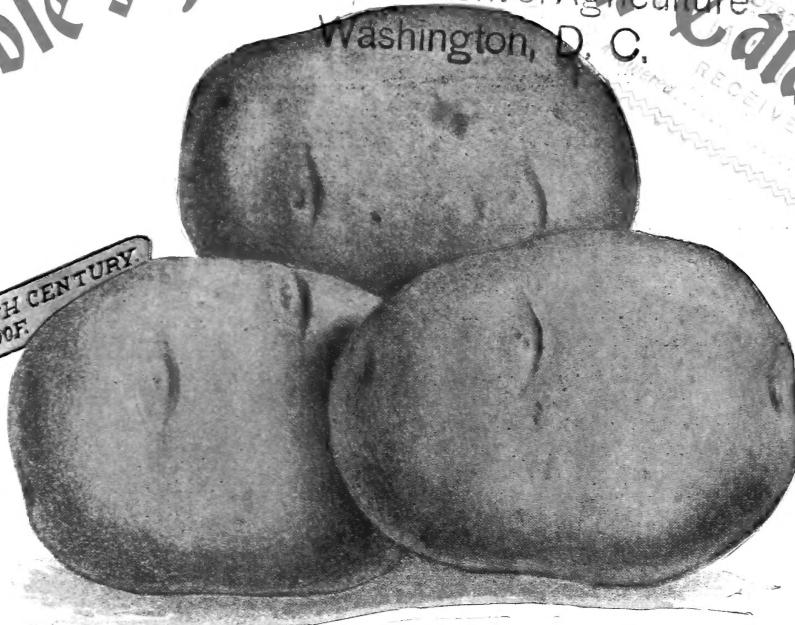
Dibble's Farm Seed Catalog

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Washington, D. C.

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TWENTIETH CENTURY.
BLIGHT PROOF.



NORTHERN GROWN

SEED POTATOES

Corn
and Oats

Clover and
Grass Seed

IONIA SEEDLING.
BEST IN THE WORLD.



Edward F. Dibble, Seedgrower, Honeoye Falls, N.Y.

Plain Facts about the Farm Seed Situation

The 1907 Crop of Potatoes was nearly an average one for the entire United States, but badly spotted, being very good in some states and practically a failure in others. Maine for instance, usually a reliable source for seed potatoes, producing 15,000,000 bushels in 1906, is in bad shape for this season's trade, as owing to the wet, unfavorable weather in Aroostook County during the growing and harvesting season, the best authorities state that at least 5,000,000 bushels of Maine's crop rotted in the ground and the majority of the stock that was dug is more or less affected with disease. Indiana, Iowa and Ohio have crops far below the average, while Minnesota, the Dakotas, the Northern half of Michigan, Western and Northern New York have splendid crops of most excellent quality.

Located as we are in the heart of the potato section of Northwestern New York, our warehouses are filled with the varieties of potatoes grown in this section supplemented by thousands of bushels of the early sorts that reach their best development in the colder, virgin soil of the Red River valley of Minnesota and South Dakota and the Mackinaw section of North Michigan.

As to Seed Oats, the government crop reports show the lightest crop for a decade, with an average of 23 bushels per acre, weighing several pounds less than the legal weight. Western New York, however, in 1907 was a favored section for the oat crop, and our production is normal, averaging over 50 bushels per acre weighing 34 to 40 pounds per bushel.

Seed Corn will be high and scarce. The government statisticians, supplemented by reports from the regular correspondents of the various State departments of Agriculture, report the poorest crop of corn grown in the last 20 years.

So unfavorable, cold and wet was the season in at least a dozen of the leading corn states, that not one farmer out of twenty was able to save sufficient corn of good quality for his own planting. The demand for good seed corn is unprecedented. We have grown and secured at great expense a limited amount of seed corn of most excellent quality, germinating 90-95 to 98 per cent. which we will be glad to furnish our customers as long as it lasts.

Clover Seed of the various kinds, including Alfalfa, is also scarce and higher than last year by \$1.50 to \$2.00 per bushel.

The smaller seeds, such as Timothy, Red Top, Blue Grass and the like, are stronger in sympathy with the Clovers, with every indication of still further advances both on the Clovers and Grass Seed as seeding time approaches.

1908—ANNUAL CATALOG

EDWARD F. DIBBLE, SEEDGROWER

This is our 17th Annual Catalog, and in presenting it to your attention we make no apology for keeping at the head of our list of potatoes the "big four", Ionias, Centuries, Manistees and Moneymakers, all varieties of our introduction that have not only won out in a test of over 1,000 kinds during a three years' trial on the Eden Trial Grounds in Massachusetts, but have also given most wonderful results when in the hands of our customers. They have been planted on large acreages in many states, in practically every instance outyielding all other sorts grown alongside, and in many cases two and three to one. In the following pages you will find carefully written, accurate descriptions of the four potatoes above mentioned, and scattered throughout the book there are several score letters from our customers, all telling the same wonderful story of freedom from blight, productiveness and quality of these remarkable new introductions. We commend these frank, disinterested testimonials to your careful attention.

Our location and shipping facilities are of the best, and freight rates to points in the Middle and Eastern States are low. Honeoye Falls is 13 miles south of Rochester and on the Lehigh Valley and New York Central Railroads.

Freight rates to principal points are as follows:

New York	Rate Points.....	15 cts. per 100 lbs.
Trenton	"	" "
Philadelphia	"	" "
Baltimore	"	" "
Pittsburg	"	" "
Harrisburg	"	" "
Cleveland	"	" "
Boston	"	17½ "
Worcester	"	" "
Springfield	"	" "
Hartford	"	" "
New Haven	"	" "
Bridgeport	"	" "
Providence	"	" "
Washington	"	20 "
Albany	"	10 "

PRICES

are F. O. B. Honeoye Falls, N. Y. Barrels and bags free as stated.

TERMS

Strictly cash with order, except on carload lots, upon which we will make you a special price, delivered at your station.

REFERENCES

Bank of Honeoye Falls, Dun's or Bradstreet's, editors of any and all leading agricultural papers and thousands of satisfied customers.

OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee our Seed Potatoes Northern Grown, assorted for seed purposes, and a first-class sample of the variety. Our oats and corn are recleaned and screened by the best mills known to the trade, and in first-class condition for sowing.

We use all possible care in sending out all our seeds. If our customers have any complaint to make of any kind it must be made on receipt of goods to receive attention. Otherwise it will be mutually considered between the buyer and seller that the goods are satisfactory.

DIBBLE'S SEED POTATOES

The Best in the World



Please note that we do not ask you to believe that our Seed Potatoes are the best in the world because we say so. That would be asking too much of the average intelligent, level-headed American Farmer; but we do ask you to believe it after you have been so kind as to thoroughly read this little catalog.

The statement of Mr. Lawrence on the opposite page, the hundreds of letters received by us annually from our patrons, a few of which we print and submit for your candid consideration, all speak in no uncertain tone as to the value of Dibble's Seed Potatoes.

They have been proven the "Best in the World" on the Trial Grounds, the family garden, and the broad acres of the best commercial potato growers of this country, and we challenge comparison as to the merits of our Seed Potatoes with those of any other seedsman.

And why should they not be the "Best in the World"? This is the age of the specialist, and for nearly 20 years we have been specializing on Seed Potatoes, improving by selection and adaptation the old-time tried varieties, originating and introducing new ones, until to-day we claim that Dibble's Seed Potatoes, grown in the cold North, on land naturally adapted for their best development, will produce larger and better crops in any soil or climate than those from any other source.

Therefore we ask you to give them a trial. What Dibble's Seed Potatoes have done for others, they will do for you.

Eden Trial Grounds.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF TRIALS.

Specialties: Sweet Peas and Potatoes.

Eden Trial Grounds, Mass.

Oct. 15.

Edward F. Dibble,

Dear Sir:

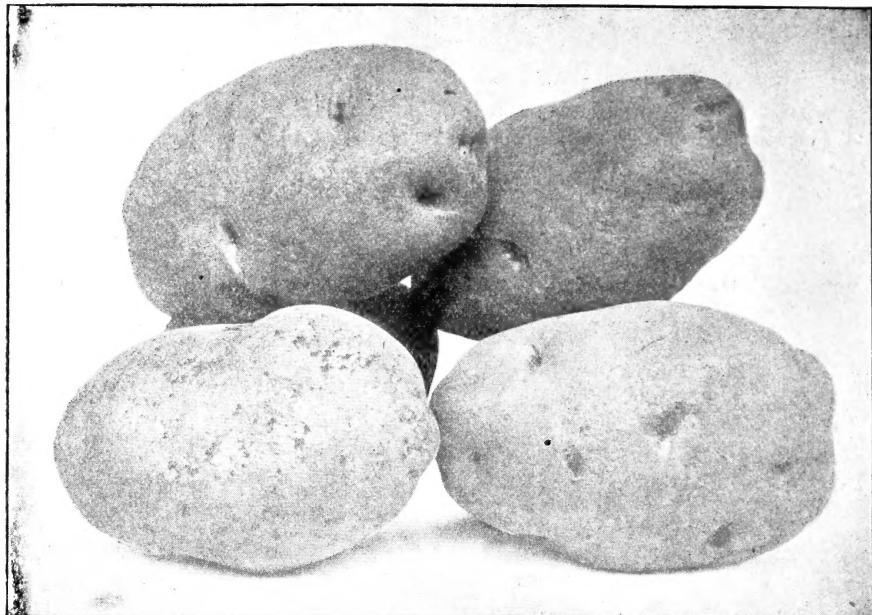
Have finished digging entire list of trials of potatoes (825 varieties), and find your Ionia Seedling the heaviest yielder in the lot. Four varieties of your introduction--Ionia, Twentieth Century, Manistee and Moneymaker are among the first ten as to yield, all close together and all of good quality.

As a result of my potato trials, covering a number of years, in which I have tested over 1000 varieties, I consider Dibble's Twentieth Century and Dibble's Ionia Seedling the best round white varieties for main or late crop, Dibble's Moneymaker the best long white potato, and Dibble's Early Manistee the best early, both for production and quality; in fact, out of 825 varieties tested this season, your Early Manistee has without question the best eating quality of any in the lot.

Yours truly,

J. R. Lawrence.

The tests of potatoes made by Mr. Lawrence are the most comprehensive and thorough ever made on any trial grounds, by any one at any time since potatoes were introduced by Sir Walter Raleigh over 300 years ago as a food for civilized man.



DIBBLE'S EARLY MANISTEE

Dibble's Early Manistee was introduced by us three years ago as the heaviest yielding early potato since the introduction of the Early Rose. The Manistee is a seedling of the Early Rose, round to oblong in shape, slightly flattened, skin light pink, eyes near the surface, flesh pure white, and a table quality that is absolutely faultless. Vines are luxuriant in growth and have never blighted with us. Scores of our customers pronounce it absolutely blight proof. Our Early Manistee is another of the potatoes of our introduction that was among the best ten as to point of yield in the test at the Eden Trial Grounds, and was pronounced by Mr. Lawrence, who carried on the trial grounds, as the best eating potato of any in the lot.

This conclusively proves that for an early potato for main crop the Early Manistee is the best in the world. Any number of our customers report yields of 300 to 400 bushels per acre and yields twice as large as those obtained from other early varieties planted alongside.

Although the crop of early potatoes was very light throughout the United States last year owing to the unfavorable season, Manistees have done as well as usual even under adverse conditions, and we have a splendid stock on hand; in fact, we have more Manistees than any other early variety. For three years now in succession we were sold out of Manistees before the season was over and had to return money to our customers, but this year we have made strenuous efforts to take care of the urgent demand for Manistees, but urge you to send in your orders promptly so that you will not be disappointed when planting time comes.

We offer Manistees at \$3.50 per barrel or 4 barrels for \$12.00.

SPECIAL OFFER—1 barrel each of Early Manistees, Ioniias, Centuries and Money-makers for \$12.00.

Albert Lea, Minn., Nov. 2, 1907.

The Early Manistees purchased from you last spring yielded about 300 bushels per acre.
Yours very truly,

D. A. Giles.

Ellicott City, Md., Oct. 16, 1907.

The Manistees did exceedingly well. From one barrel I got 70 bushels. No blight on them.

H. B. Noll.

Chautauqua Co., N. Y.

In regard to the Early Manistee seed potatoes purchased of you would say that the yield was good—about 90 bu. of marketable potatoes from one barrel of seed.

Yours truly, Chas. Brodt.

Dominion of Canada,
Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.
The Manistee potatoes yielded at the rate of 422 bushels per acre.

W. T. Macoun, Horticulturist,
Bucks Co., Pa.

The Early Manistees yielded double the amount side by side of other kinds of potatoes planted in the same field.

O. C. Keeper,
Waldo Co., Maine.

I planted the barrel of Early Manistees bought of you last spring. I harvested about 80 bushels on $\frac{1}{4}$ acre.

Yours, W. A. Calderwood.



DIBBLE'S IONIA SEEDLING

The Best in the World

Dibble's Ionia Seedling, introduced by us for the first time as a novelty four years ago, stands to-day at the head of all potatoes for yield in the world. This is the potato that came out of the Eden Trial Grounds test in Massachusetts at the top of the heap.

The Ionia Seedling is round in shape, slightly russet skin, very white flesh, and of most excellent table quality. It matures with such well known sorts as the Green Mountain and State of Maine. It is not a late potato, but medium for general crop.

The foliage is very green, extremely healthy, and has never blighted with us. We recommend it to those who want a general crop potato which matures two or three weeks earlier than the late sorts, and it certainly is a good potato to grow for main crop on account of its early maturity and enormous yielding qualities. In fact it is the heaviest yielding potato in the world.

Some yields have been reported to us of 500 bushels per acre, many yields of 300 to 500 bushels per acre, and one of our own growers had a yield of over 350 bushels per acre when the other varieties in the same field yielded less than half as many.

There is an enormous demand for this variety, owing to its making a world's record last year, and while we have a good stock on hand, we advise you to place your order at once, as we have sold out of Ionias each spring for the last three years and have had to return hundreds of dollars.

1 barrel, \$3.50 or 4 barrels \$12.00.

SPECIAL OFFER—1 barrel each of Ionias, Centuries, Manistees and Moneymakers for \$12.00.

Montgomery Co., Pa.

The Manistee and Ionia potatoes yielded about 450 bushels to the acre of smooth, large, merchantable potatoes.

Yours etc.,

Milton G. Oberholzer.
(Recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture)

In Bulletin No. 87 entitled "Disease Resistance of Potatoes," published by the Department of Agriculture, the Ionia Seedling is reported as "one of the best varieties in the United States and Canada to resist disease" on page 34. The same potato is mentioned

and highly commended again and again on pages 35 and 39 of the same bulletin.

Ontario Co., N. Y.

From just 13 bushels of Ionia Seedlings that I planted this year on sandy loam soil I raised over 400 bushels.

Yours truly,
Thomas Wilson.
Worcester Co., Mass.

I planted four acres of potatoes, six varieties in all, and the Ionia Seedling yielded nearly double any of them.

Very truly yours,
T. H. Burtch.



DIBBLE'S MONEYMAKER

Dibble's Moneymaker is the handsomest and most productive long white potato ever introduced. A number of years ago the Moneymaker was introduced by us as the best long white late potato. We have had no reason from time of introduction to the present to change our opinion of the Moneymaker as the best of its type. We know of no other long late variety that has given such universal satisfaction whereever planted as has the Moneymaker, and although it has been grown largely in many sections, it has not deteriorated as to the yield or quality, but is to-day as strong and vigorous as when it was introduced.

At the Eden Trial Grounds the Moneymaker was one of the ten best varieties as to point of yield out of 825 sorts in the test, and is pronounced by Mr. Lawrence, the proprietor of the Trial Grounds, as the best long white potato.

The foliage of the Moneymaker is heavy and it is a remarkably quick grower, resisting drought and blight to a wonderful degree.

The Department of Agriculture of the Dominion of Canada, after thoroughly testing Dibble's Moneymaker, have placed an order with us through William Saunders, Director of Canadian Experimental Farms, Ottawa, for 50 bushels, to be disseminated among the farmers in the Canadian Northwest.

We have a good stock on hand, of splendid quality this season, and offer Moneymakers in barrel lots at \$3.50 per barrel or 4 barrels for \$12.00.

SPECIAL OFFER—1 barrel each of Moneymakers, Ionias, Centuries and Manistees for \$12.00.

Delaware Co., N. Y., Nov. 7, 1907.

The potatoes bought from you were certainly free from blight. The yield was good, especially of the Ionias. From 2 bushels planted on $\frac{1}{8}$ of an acre, 60 bushels were dug or at the rate of 480 bushels to the acre.

Yours very truly,

J. K. Gilchrist.

Hartford Co., Conn., Oct. 19, 1907.

I had a fine crop from the seed potatoes I bought of you last spring, the best I ever had. They did not blight, the vines holding green until Oct. 1st.

J. P. Pratt.

York Co., Pa.

The potatoes grew to perfection without any blight. The four barrels bought of you were planted on one acre of ground and yielded 320 bushels.

J. W. F. Copenheaver.

Monmouth Co., N. J.

The crop of potatoes which I raised from your seed has been one of the best crops I ever had.

Yours truly,
Jonathan I. Holmes.

Franklin Co., Mass.

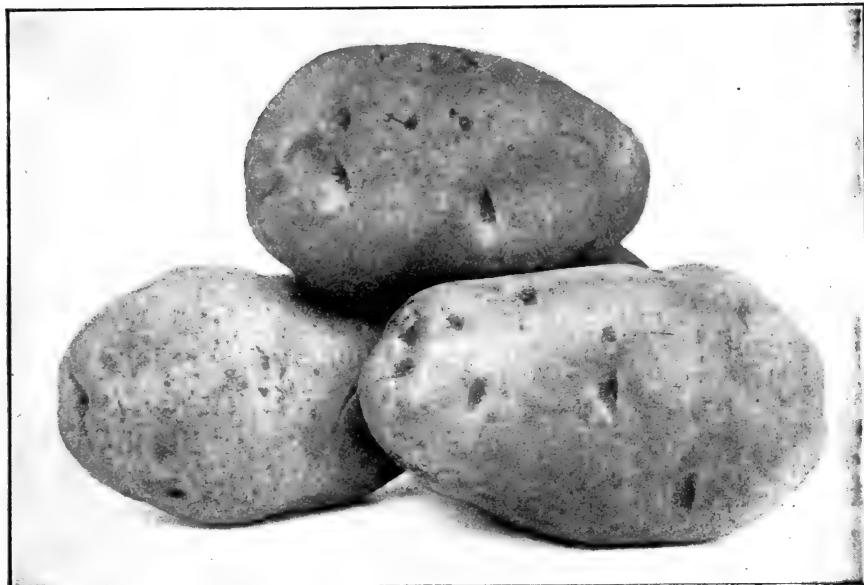
I never raised a better or larger crop of potatoes than I did last season from the potatoes I purchased from you. They yielded 360 bushels to the acre.

Yours truly,
Bradley C. Newell.

Fairfield Co., Conn.

The potatoes I bought of you were great yielders and fine cookers. I could pick a bushel without moving my basket.

Yours truly,
R. N. Kellogg.



Twentieth Century, 350 Bushels per Acre

DIBBLE'S TWENTIETH CENTURY

is the strongest growing and most vigorous potato of our time.

The tubers are white, round to oblong in shape, slightly flattened, with white flesh of splendid quality.

The vines are the most luxuriant of any potato. With us and on the fields of scores of our customers, they have proven absolutely blight proof.

At the Eden Trial Grounds, 825 varieties in the test, Twentieth Century was the strongest grower in the lot and was among the best ten in point of yield.

This variety is especially adapted to those farmers who have been troubled by the ravages of blight. We have yet to learn of the Twentieth Century being affected by blight in the slightest degree, as it usually grows until killed by frost, and is a splendid producer of large crops of tubers of most excellent table quality. Yields of 200, 300 and even 400 bushels per acre have been reported by many of our customers.

This potato is one of our own introduction, and you should secure seed from us and have it pure. The record it has made has created an enormous demand for this new variety, and many spurious Twentieth Centuries will be palmed off on an unsuspecting public by unscrupulous dealers. Therefore the moral is, Buy your Twentieth Centuries of headquarters.

We offer you this potato at \$3.50 per single barrel or 4 barrels for \$12.00.

SPECIAL OFFER—1 barrel each of Twentieth Centuries, Ionias, Manistees and Money-makers for \$12.00.

Sullivan Co., N. Y., Oct. 16, 1907.

I found the Twentieth Century potatoes to be just as represented. Your seeds were all A No. 1. No fault to find whatever. The best I ever bought. Have bought from a great many seedsmen, but yours stand first of all.

Fred Hadlick.

Summit Co., Ohio.

The Twentieth Century potatoes yielded over 300 bushels per acre. They grew a very strong vine.

C. O. Mentzer.

Lime Rock, R. I.

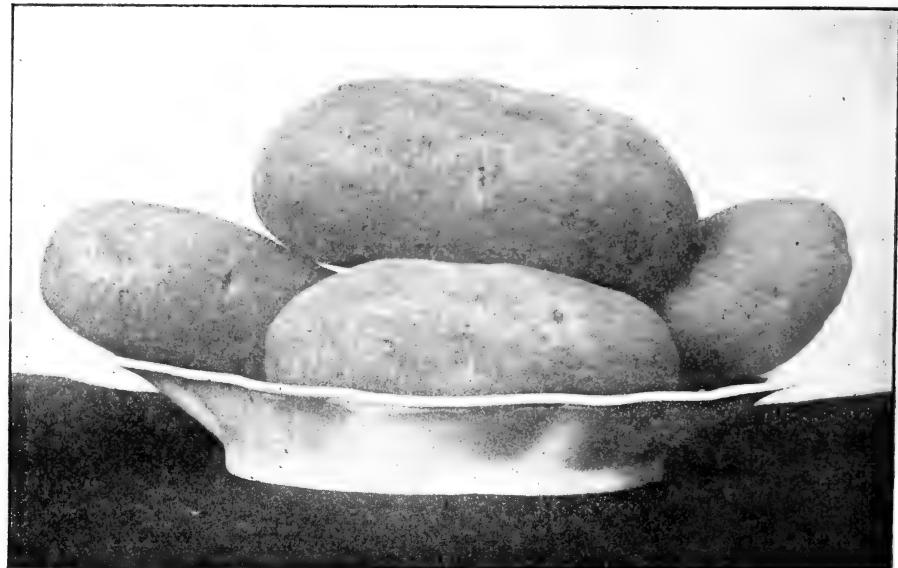
The Twentieth Century potatoes were the best I had. They did not blight and the yield was twice as much to the row as other kinds on either side.

Isaac Campbell.

Ontario Co., N. Y.

I had over 700 bushels of Twentieth Century potatoes on 2½ acres. They are the best variety I have ever grown in my life-time of raising potatoes.

Antonio Merkl.



A page of good early potatoes of the Rose type. We have large stocks of these standard sorts grown on virgin soil.

EARLY NORther

Introduced by one of the leading growers in Northern Maine a few years ago as a seedling of the old Early Rose, with the additional claim that it is a week earlier and more prolific. After having grown the Early Norther several seasons, we find that the claims made for the Norther are not exaggerated. We recommend the Early Norther as one of the best, if not the best, of the extremely early potatoes of the Rose type.

CLARK'S No. 1

It bears a close resemblance to Early Rose in appearance. It cooks mealy, is of excellent flavor, and is every way a capital variety for either the farmer or market gardener.

EARLY FORTUNE

A most desirable variety. In form and color it resembles the Early Rose, but in quality it surpasses it. It is a very handsome potato. The quality, shape and color is of the best. On land that has been thoroughly manured or fertilized the Fortune is one of the best early varieties in cultivation.

EARLY ROSE

The genuine Early Rose, the old standard sort among the early red varieties. We have the genuine stock of this variety grown on virgin soil, and recommend it as good as was the stock of the Early Rose in the palmy days of its first introduction.

HOULTON ROSE

Houlton Rose is an improved strain of the genuine old Early Rose. We have found that Houlton Rose gives a uniformly good crop wherever planted.

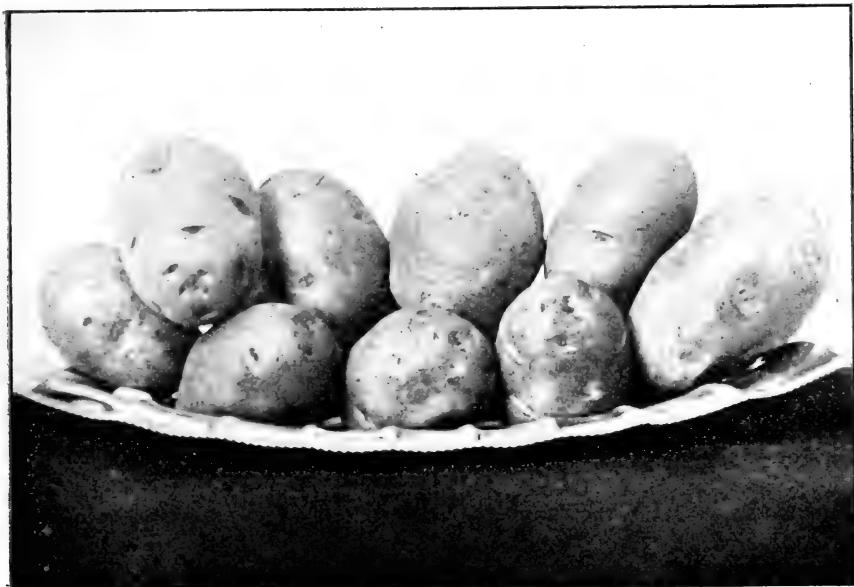
QUICK CROP

Is an exceedingly handsome potato of the light colored Rose type, and a very rapid grower.

EARLY THOROUGHBRED

This is a new variety of the Rose family, and is claimed to have many points of excellence. The color is pink, eyes near the surface, oblong to long, well shaped tubers, very uniform in appearance.

Price List on page 10



A page of pink and white skinned early potatoes most desirable for early market. Splendid stocks of these kinds grown on new land.

EARLY BOVEE

Henderson's Early Bovee, pronounced by the introducers, Peter Henderson & Co. of New York, the earliest potato of all. We have grown a great many thousand bushels of Early Bovee during the last few years and pronounce it one of the most desirable of the extra early potatoes introduced in the last decade. The vine is dwarf and stocky. The tubers grow remarkably close, all bunched together in the hill close up to the vine. They size up to marketable size more evenly than any other early potato we ever saw.

NEW QUEEN

This excellent early potato comes from the State of Maine. It is a fine, large sized potato, resembling Hebron in shape and color. In addition to being very early it is of fine table quality, and is highly productive. Adapted to all sections. In our opinion for standard early crop the New Queen is one of the best varieties to grow. This variety is now largely used by market growers, and is considered a most desirable sort for hotel or high-class trade.

EARLY HEBRON

Standard old sort with pink and white skin. To those who have grown Hebron with good results when first introduced, we believe our new land Early Hebrons will pay them equally as well to-day.

CROWN JEWEL

An extra early potato resembling Early Bovee and Burpee's Extra Early. This is the favorite potato in the vicinity of Philadelphia. We have found it a reliable extra early potato to grow.

BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY

An early variety that is quite popular, being very productive. The tubers are of good size, oblong in form, very smooth in color and pinkish white. The flesh is pure white and the quality excellent. It is regarded as a sure cropper.

Price List on page 10

Price List of Seed Potatoes

Choice seed potatoes will be scarce and high before planting time. While the general crop has been short throughout the Northern States, the crop of early potatoes that have been saved for seed is the smallest in the last ten years. We have good stocks of all kinds in our Warehouses now, stock of most excellent quality saved from fields that were free from blight and disease, and we quote you the following low prices for immediate acceptance. These quotations are subject to change without notice, as the markets advance. New double-headed barrels and sacks free. Make out your order to-day and send it to us. We will hold the stock for you till safe to ship or as you direct.

1.	Twentieth Century (best for late crop), new..	\$3.50	per bbl.	10 bbls.	\$3.00	per bbl.
2.	Early Manistee, new best cropper.....	3.50	"	10 "	3.00	"
3.	Ionia Seedling, best round white.....	3.50	"	10 "	3.00	"
4.	Dibble's Moneymaker, long, late, white.....	3.50	"	10 "	3.00	"
5.	Early Six Weeks, extra early, earliest of all..	3.50	"	10 "	3.25	"
6.	Early Ohio, standard extra early sort.....	3.50	"	10 "	3.25	"
7.	Irish Cobbler, round white, very early.....	3.75	"	10 "	3.50	"
8.	Burpee's Extra Early, good first early sort....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
9.	Henderson's Early Bovee, Early Hebron type.	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
10.	Crown Jewel, first early of the Hebron type. .	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
11.	Northern Beauty, early red, good yielder.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
12.	Quick Crop, new early rapid grower.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
13.	Early Thoroughbred, Early Rose type.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
14.	New Queen, desirable early of Hebron type...	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
15.	Early Norther, choice Early Rose type.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
16.	Early Hebron, early, pink and white skin.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
17.	Clark's No. 1, good Early Rose sort.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
18.	Early Fortune, early, good potato, Rose color.	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
19.	Houlton Rose, improved strain Early Rose....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
20.	Old Early Rose, standard sort, very reliable...	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
21.	Reeves' Rose, a very fine strain of Early Rose.	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
22.	Sir Walter Raleigh, late, round, white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
23.	Carman No. 3, late, round, white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
24.	Rural New Yorker, No. 2, round, white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
25.	State of Maine, round to oblong, white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
26.	Green Mountain, round to oblong, white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
27.	Delaware, late white, round to oblong.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
28.	Gold Coin, late, round, white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
29.	Burpee's Great Divide, long late white.....	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"
30.	American Giant, long, white, late, good yielder	3.00	"	10 "	2.75	"

If ordered in sacks, 20 cents less per package on all varieties.

Special prices on club or neighborhood orders of from 10 to 100 barrels.

Special prices on car lots delivered to your station. Write for them to-day.

Clover and Grass Seeds—1907 Crop

Best Cotton Bags, 22c. each

We pay particular attention to the selection of high grade, extra clean Clover, Timothy and other Grass Seeds. We use on our own farms the best seeds obtainable, regardless of cost. Purchasers may rely upon us that we have put forth our best exertions to furnish grass and clover seeds pure and free from noxious weeds. We do not quote any prices, as prices fluctuate more or less on this class of seeds, but if you will send us a list of what you want in this line we will furnish you samples and very lowest quotations prevailing at the time we receive your letter.

RED MEDIUM

This is the common Red Clover so largely grown throughout the country.

MAMMOTH SAPLING CLOVER ENGLISH CLOVER

Compared with the common Red Clover, its flower, foliage and stems are of darker color. Is valuable when grown with other grasses for mixed hay, as it ripens later than common Red Clover, about the time Timothy, Orchard and other grasses ripen, thereby making the hay a much better quality. Being a very rank grower, it is coming into general use for soilings purposes.

ALSIKE, OR SWEDISH (*Trifolium hybridum*)

The most hardy of all clovers; perennial. On rich, moist soils it yields an enormous quantity of hay or pasture, but its greatest value is for sowing with other clovers and grasses, as it forms a thick bottom and greatly increases the yield of hay; cattle prefer it to any other forage.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER (*Trifolium repens*)

This thrives in almost every soil and climate, succeeding equally well on heavy moist land and thin dry hillsides. It is of low-creeping growth and most valuable both in pasture mixtures and for green velvety lawns.

LUCERNE OR ALFALFA CLOVER (*Medicago Sativa*)

Alfalfa is a wonderful forage, fertilizer and hay plant; the greatest cropper of all Clover and Grass varieties; will produce three to four crops in the season. The alfalfa sprout sinks its roots deeply after moisture and nourishment, and the severest drought has no effect on it; the soil keeps covered with a beautiful green crop; also stands wet, heavy rains, deep snows and cold winters.

TIMOTHY (*Phleum pratense*)

This is the most valuable of all the grasses for hay, especially in the north. Thrives best on moist, loamy soils of medium tenacity. It should be cut just when the blossom falls. Sow early in the spring or fall.

MEADOW FESCUE, OR ENGLISH BLUE GRASS (*Festuca pratensis*)

A perennial grass from two to four feet high, with flat, broad leaves. This is one of the standard European grasses. It needs rich ground and succeeds well on prairie soil. This is an excellent pasture grass to take the place of the wild grasses, as it yields a large amount of early and late feed.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS, FANCY CLEAN (*Poa pratensis*)

Sometimes called JUNE GRASS, but the true JUNE OR WIRE GRASS is much inferior. KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS is the most nutritious, hardy and valuable of all northern grasses for pasture.

ORCHARD (*Dactylis glomerata*)

This is one of the most desirable pasture grasses for stock and also for producing large crops of hay. It succeeds well in quite shady places, hence the name of *Orchard Grass*.

RED TOP (*Agrostis Vulgaris*)

This is a good permanent grass, well adapted to wet lands, although it will grow with luxuriance on almost any soil, whether wet or dry, and makes a perfect sod. In most sections it is highly appreciated for hay, succeeding clover and timothy when they have run out.

HUNGARIAN GRASS

A valuable forage grass and hay, both because of its foliage and nutritious seeds; early; resists drouth; does well on light soil.

COMMON MILLET

An excellent early forage grass, with long, broad leaves and nutritious grain. Grows to height of three or four feet.

IMPROVED GERMAN OR GOLDEN WONDER MILLET

This is not so early as the common Millet, but yields much larger crop. Southern-grown seed is preferred, producing more hay.

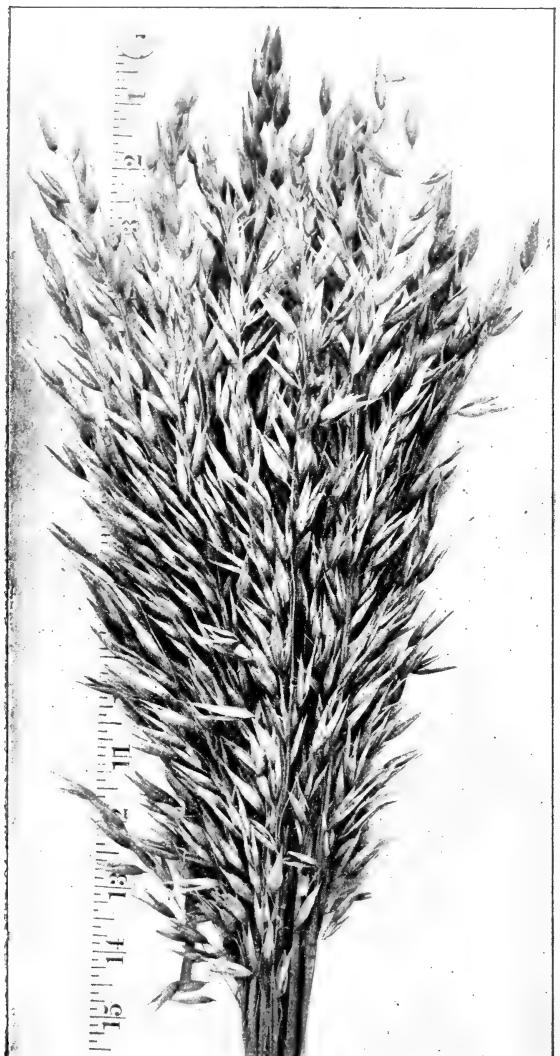
DWARF ESSEX RAPE

This is largely grown as a fattening food for sheep in the autumn; it is also especially desirable for pasturing hogs during the summer months.

CANADA FIELD PEAS

Field Peas deserve more general attention for fodder than they now receive. In the north, for dairy cows and for hogs, they are fully equal to corn, and about six weeks earlier.

Dibble's Twentieth Century Oats



before other varieties. It grows tall, stiff straw 4 to 5 feet high, free from rust, topped off by long branching heads, 12 inches in length, filled with plump, thin-hulled white grain.

Our Oat fields are hand weeded while growing, the grain recleaned by the best mills known, and you will find our Oats a choice sample for seed purposes. Notwithstanding the short crop and consequently the unprecedented demand for Seed Oats of good quality, we make the following low prices on our Twentieth Century Oats while they last:

Bushel \$1.00, $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushel bag \$2.25, 10 bushels \$8.00, 100 bushels \$75.00. Sacks free.

In carrying out one of our well known mottoes, "Shun that which is evil and hold fast to that which is good," we have discarded all other varieties of oats from our catalog and offer you just one, and that our Dibble's Twentieth Century, as the best oat now in cultivation on the American continent.

We introduced this variety four years ago, and since then have tested all the much vaunted new varieties alongside on our own farms. Some sorts, such as Lincoln, Sensation, Banner, Golden Harvest and Swedish Select, have given good results for a year or two, but now seem to have run out. On the other hand, Twentieth Century is fully as productive as when we first grew it five years ago, and in this unfavorable season when, according to the U. S. crop reports, this country has harvested the poorest oat crop in the past twenty years (the average yield being but 23 bushels per acre, weighing 18 to 25 lbs. per bushel), we have grown on the Dibble Farms from 120 acres of Twentieth Century oats over 6,000 bushels, weighing 34 to 38 lbs. per measured bushel right from the threshing machine.

Other years, under favorable conditions, we have raised entire crops on large acreages averaging 80 to 110 bushels per acre, but never have we had a finer, brighter, handsomer, whiter, cleaner quality of seed to offer you than this crop of 1907.

The Twentieth Century is the earliest variety grown, ripening ten days to two weeks

TWENTIETH CENTURY OATS

These testimonials are worth reading. It will not take more than five minutes of your time, and it may be worth dollars to you.

Lehigh Co., Pa., Oct. 28, 1907.

The Twentieth Century oats which I bought of you last spring grew a good straw over 5 feet tall and standing up well. The weight was 34 lbs. to the bushel.

A. N. Gruver.

Blair Co., Pa.
The oats I got of you did well. The straw was stiff and upright, and the grain weighed 37 1/2 lbs. per measured bushel.

M. M. Kocher.

Mercer Co., N. J.
The oats I bought from you, Twentieth Century, stood up to my chin and yielded 60 bushels per acre.

Yours truly,
B. F. Hulse.

Arundel Co., Md.
They stood fully 4 feet tall, and the heads would measure twelve inches in length.

Wm. D. Klee.

Livingston Co., N. Y.
I sowed them on precisely one acre of ground by the land measure on my drill. That acre produced very nearly 100 bushels of fine oats.

Frank Warner.

Allegheny Co., Pa.
The oats stood 5 feet high. In regard to yield, it was double that of the other kinds we have here. Weight nearly 40 lbs. to the bushel.

Allison L. Heile.

Allegany Co., N. Y.
They were two weeks earlier than our other oats.

Yours truly,
Geo. Rogers.

Kyserville, N. Y., Oct. 19, 1907.
The Twentieth Century oats germinated well. The straw grew 4 feet high. They averaged 60 bushels to the acre and weighed 35 lbs. to the bushel. Was very much pleased with them.

Elmer Smith.

Niagara Co., N. Y.
The Twentieth Century oats I bought of you did well. From 10 bushels sown on five acres, I harvested 310 bushels weighing 35 lbs. per bushel.

Jos. R. Worden.

Monroe Co., N. Y.
From the twenty-six acres of Twentieth Century oats we had a total yield of over 2,000 bushels. We believe these oats to be the best we have ever grown on the farm.

John E. Dann.

Livingston Co., N. Y.
Our yield of the Twentieth Century oats this past season from sixteen acres was over 1,300 bushels. We have threshed another crop from fourteen acres of 1,100 bushels, thresher's measure, that weighed 42 lbs. to the basket.

Eugene Hollenbeck.

Bradford Co., Pa., Oct. 9, 1907.
The Twentieth Century oats are all right. They stood up well, and the oats weighed 38 lbs. per bushel.

A. F. Moore.

Washington Co., N. Y.
The Twentieth Century oats did well for the chance they had. Were not sown until the 15th of May and the yield was 64 bushels per acre. Straw 4 feet long, standing up well, and weight 35 lbs. to the bushel.

M. S. Graham.

Monroe Co., Pa.
The Twentieth Century oats are the finest I ever grew.

W. H. Middagh.

Rensselaer Co., N. Y.
The Twentieth Century oats bought of you were excellent in all respects and fully up to your claims.

Yours truly,
Geo. A. Lane.

Livingston Co., N. Y.
From four acres of land we threshed this season 440 bushels of oats, thresher's measure. We weighed one basket which weighed 42 lbs. Am confident these oats would have weighed out 500 bushels by weight.

Levi Simmons.

Ellerslie Farm, Dutchess Co.,
Rhinecliff-on-the-Hudson,
Levi P. Morton, Owner.
I was well pleased with the yield of the Twentieth Century oats purchased of you last spring.

T. S. Barnes, Supt.

Rutland Co., Vt., Oct. 22, 1907.
The Twentieth Century oats I had of you germinated well, and grew a strong, stiff straw with well filled heads and did not lodge. Have not threshed, but am sure the yield will be satisfactory.

D. C. Hicks.

Columbia Co., N. Y.
The Twentieth Century oats I received from you last spring germinated well, and stood up good with well-filled heads and grain holding out weight. I consider them the very best oats for any farmer to raise.

Theodore Isbister.

New Milford, Conn.
Century oats I bought of you did well. Feel well repaid for buying of you.

Robert L. Duncan.

Crawford Co., Pa.
I liked the oats very well. They germinated O. K. Stiff straw and made good yield, weighing 34 lbs. per bushel. There was a poor crop of oats here this year.

S. McCurdy.

Broome Co., N. Y.
I am very much pleased with them. There was not a bit of rust, smut or blight on them.

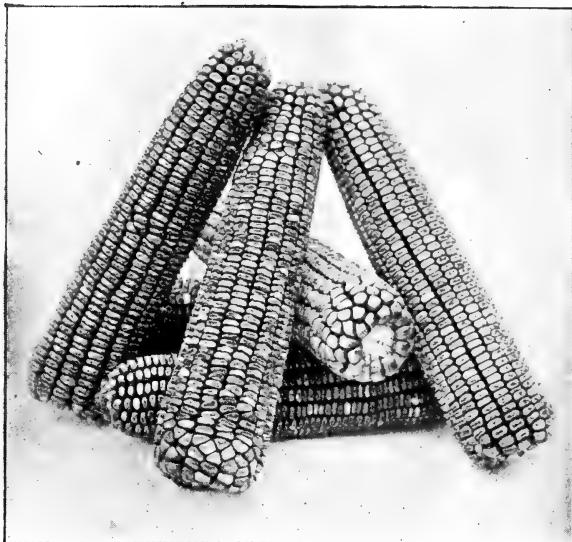
C. M. Howard.

Oswego Co., N. Y.
The oats arrived in good condition, and were very free from foul seeds.

Wilson Bros.

Rensselaer Co., N. Y.
The oats were fine. They came up good and did not lodge. They averaged 50 bushels to the acre and weighed 32 lbs. to the measured bushel.

John F. Mann.



Dibble's Eighty Day Yellow Dent

Was introduced by us two years ago as the earliest Dent corn in the world, and three years' cultivation of it on our own farms here in New York has served to strengthen us in our faith. During that time we have tested many of the new varieties offered by other seedsmen, and have found nothing to compare with our Eighty Day in point of earliness, yield and desirability in many ways. Planted around the 1st of June last year, in spite of the poor corn weather of the summer months, the Eighty Day Dent made a splendid growth, maturing September 1st ready for the harvest. Do not think that because the Eighty Day is so early, that it is a dwarf in growth, for it is not, far from it.

The stalks average 8 to 11 feet in height, splendid, heavy, glossy, green foliage, and it is a prodigious cropper. The ears run from 8 to 10 inches in length with 16 to 20 rows set closely on a small red cob. The fields from which our seed was saved produced an average of slightly better than 50 bushels of shelled corn per acre.

Our seed is from carefully selected ears, tip and butt kernels taken off and thoroughly graded and recleaned. Owing to its earliness the seed of the Eighty Day Dent is of better germination than that of any other variety of the crop of 1907.

Our Eighty Day Dent seed is splendid, the best you could possibly ask for, testing as it does 95-98 per cent. germination. This is the crop for the Northern Farmer, where seasons are short and the crop more or less uncertain. Planting it he is sure of a crop, as our Eighty Day Dent is the one Dent that beats Jack Frost. We have only a few hundred bushels of this high grade seed, and when stock is exhausted cannot procure more.

1 bushel \$2.00, 2 bushel bag \$3.50, 10 bushels \$15.00.

Tioga Co., N. Y., Nov. 23, 1907.

The Dent corn was all right. It germinated nicely. I think every kernel grew.

Respectfully yours,
Geo. W. Genung.

Bergen Co., N. J.

The corn was very good. Had some 12 feet high, and I think I will have nearly 100 bushels of ears from half an acre.

Geo. H. Hemion.

Niagara Co., N. Y.

The Eighty Day Yellow Dent corn was O. K., germinating all right; grew 10 feet high on the average, and I had one acre that husked 200 bushels. It is good enough for

Yours truly,
Clark H. Carmer.

Brown Co., South Dak.

The Eighty Day Dent grew 9 feet tall and a good stand. Had three kinds in and like it the best.

J. H. Bockler.

Madison Co., N. Y.

We have raised the finest crop of corn ever grown on our farm. Every kernel grew of seed bought of you. The stalks average 12 feet high.

J. H. Wilson.

Ulster Co., N. Y.

The Early Yellow corn ripened in 91 days. I am the only one here that will have good seed corn.

W. D. Every.

MAMMOTH YELLOW FLINT CORN

Dibble's Mammoth Eight Rowed Early Yellow Flint corn is the best Flint corn, either for crop or silo, in cultivation. It is the largest variety grown. The stalks average 8 to 10 feet in height, each stalk carrying from one to three ears. It leaves profusely, nearly to the ground, and both the leaves and stalks are sweet. The ears average from 10 to 18 inches in length.

It is early, being fully ripe and ready for the knife within 100 days from date of planting. Our stock is grown from carefully selected seed. The seed we furnish our customers is from hand-picked ears ten inches in length or over, thoroughly dry and cured before selling.

Seed corn of good quality is in great demand this season, as last year, owing to the cold wet spring and early fall, not one farmer out of twenty in many Northern States was enabled to save corn good enough to plant. We have but a limited stock of Mammoth Yellow Flint to offer this season, and advise our friends to order early. We could sell all of our seed corn to other seedsmen and seed dealers at good prices, but feel it our duty to take care of our regular customers who have stood by us so nobly for many years.

1 bushel \$2.00, 2 bushel bag \$3.50.

Newington, Conn., Oct. 14, 1907.

The Mammoth Yellow Flint corn I got of you I was late in planting. I planted it the 9th of July and cut it the 4th of October, and it made 9 feet in height. I put it in the silo. It is famous growing corn. I will want more next season.

Edward R. Barnard.

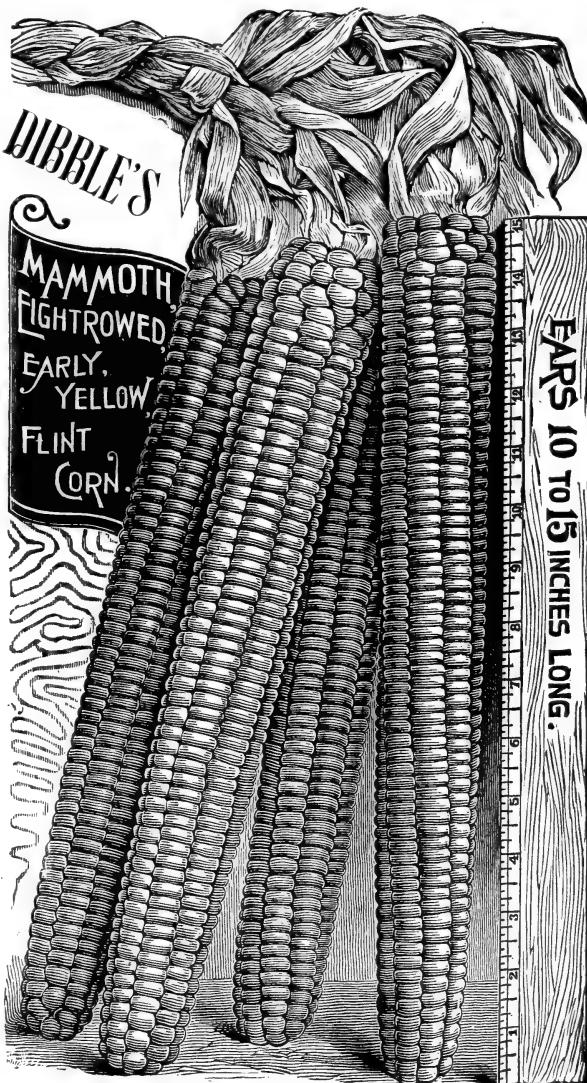
Litchfield Co., Conn., Nov. 26, 1907.
Every kernel grew. The stalks averaged 10 feet tall and eared well. Estimated yield, 100 bushels per acre.

C. L. Gold.

Bainbridge, N. Y., Oct. 14, 1907.

The Mammoth Yellow Flint corn was perfect seed, large, bright, uniform kernels that grew rapidly, and a mass of foliage with ears on every stalk. The ears were long and well filled.

D. W. Corbin.



Franklin Co., Vt.

The Mammoth Yellow corn did splendidly in a very poor year for corn. Probably have the best field in the county.

Sincerely, E. J. Ranslow.

Montgomery Co., N. Y.

I planted two bushels on six acres and got 800 bushels of ear corn, fine and ripe, very long ears, big kernels and thin cob.

Yours truly, John P. A. Failing.

Sullivan Co., N. H.

We produced 243 bushels of corn from the peck of Mammoth Yellow Flint corn.

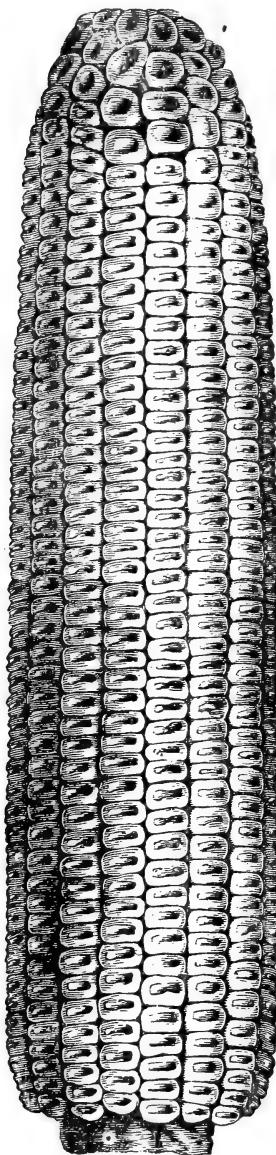
Ora D. Blanchard.

Oswego Co., N. Y.

We planted just two acres of the Mammoth Yellow Flint seed corn bought of you, and it yielded 460 bushels.

H. A. Medlong.

Dibble's Improved Early Leaming Corn



Is from *ten days to two weeks* earlier than the Standard Leaming commonly sold, and is the best Dent variety for the Farmers and Dairymen of the Middle and Eastern States, either for crop or the silo.

Our Improved Leaming will mature here in Western New York in from 100 to 110 days of good corn weather. The stalks average 10 to 15 feet in height and the ears are large and numerous. We have raised on our own farms 30 tons of ensilage to the acre, time and again putting into the silos corn that would have husked 100 to 125 bushels of well ripened ears. There is no poorer stuff to feed than ensilage made from the big late varieties of fodder corn, slushy, green, sour, and of no more value than the north side of a snow bank in January; but the best possible aid to successful dairying is a silo full of ensilage made of our early ripening varieties of corn.

Good Seed Corn is at a premium this year, and our Improved Leaming is strictly high grade, pedigree seed saved from carefully selected, hand picked ears, and of most excellent germination, testing with us 90-95 per cent. Do not make the mistake of using corn of poor or doubtful germination, thereby endangering your corn crop, when you can buy the very best seed corn to be had of us at an expense of not over 50 cents per acre.

Price, 1 bushel \$2.00, 2 bushel bag \$3.50, 10 bushels \$15.00.

Cuyaga Co., N. Y., Oct. 14, 1907.

As far as I know every seed germinated. The corn that is in the silo was all 12 feet high. We have filled two silos and have enough left to fill another. We have four acres that we will husk, which will average 14 feet in height, from one to three ears on each stalk. Each ear is from 10 to 16 inches long.

Mrs. S. E. Bryan.

St. Johnsville, N. Y., Oct. 9, 1907.

The Improved Leaming seed corn I got of you last spring grew all right. 16 acres filled two silos that hold 275 tons. The stalks were 12 feet tall and well eared with large ears mostly ripe.

J. P. Whitlock.



Wm. P. Brooks (see testimonial)

Allegany Co., N. Y.

The Improved Leaming grew very large and well eared. Am sending photographs. The corn stood 12½ to 13 feet in height. The ears of corn shown in the small photograph are fully 8 feet from the ground.

Wm. P. Brooks.

Gouverneur, N. Y.

The Improved Early Leaming corn I bought of you surpasses any corn I have ever seen for the silo. It was fully 14 feet high on the average, with the stalks 17 feet and over occasionally.

Yours sincerely,
A. C. Turnbull.

DIBBLE'S IMPROVED EARLY LEAMING CORN. 30 TONS OF ENSILAGE TO THE ACRE, ON OUR HOME FARM



WAREHOUSE A.



Warehouses 300 feet in length.

To Whom it May Concern:

This is to certify that I have been acquainted with the members of the firm of Edward F. Dibble, Seed Grower, for many years, and that I regard them very highly, as strictly reliable and honorable in their dealings and entitled to confidence.

They are one of the largest concerns dealing in farm seeds in this country. Mr. Dibble, the president of the company, is a practical farmer and one of the largest land owners, having about 1000 acres in this vicinity. He is an up-to-date farmer, and tests new varieties of potatoes and grain thoroughly on his own land before introducing to the public, and any new seeds he recommends can be depended upon as having given good results upon his farms.

WAREHOUSE B.



Capacity 54,000 bushels.

A. M. HOLDEN, Banker, Honeoye Falls, N. Y.

JUST A WORD ABOUT OURSELVES

First—As to our locality. We are a few miles south of Rochester in the Genesee Valley of Western New York, a most favored section for producing good, strong, vigorous seeds. Then again we are not mere dealers, but growers, and when you buy farm seeds of us you buy them direct, and do not pay profits to a half dozen middle men. While we grow a large part of the seeds we sell ourselves here in this Western New York country, a large part of the seeds are grown for us by contract on soils and under conditions most favorable for their perfect development. For instance, all of our extra early potatoes are grown five to eight hundred miles farther north than Rochester on virgin soil, and this season we are offering you early potatoes, vigorous, full of vitality, and free from blight, rot or disease. Our oats are all grown here in the valley country as is also the majority of our corn. We have our own farms, and make thorough tests in regular field culture before we offer any of our varieties to the public. We will not offer any new potatoes, corn or oats until they have proven on our own farms and under our own eyes worthy of introduction. You can buy of us in confidence, knowing you get what you expect to get and nothing else. Our seed potatoes are stored in specially constructed cold storage warehouses, buildings built by ourselves, especially for potatoes, and are absolutely frost proof. We keep these buildings at an even temperature throughout the winter, and deliver you seed stock in the spring hard and firm, full of vitality, ready to produce for you the best and most satisfactory crop. Our cleaning plant is equipped with the best milling and cleaning machinery known to the trade, and our corn and oats are sent out in such conditions as to please the most exacting, careful and painstaking farmer.

THE QUESTIONS

Who are we? What are our facilities? and Why YOU should buy your Farm Seeds of us, are answered in this little circular.

WILL YOU READ IT?

The following testimonials show that farming is profitable when Dibble's Seeds are used:

Gouverneur, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1907.
The Eighty Day Dent and Mammoth Yellow Flint corn were very satisfactory, having yielded much better than other corn in this vicinity.

J. M. Abbott.

Northampton Co., Pa.
The Twentieth Century potatoes proved blight proof, and were green up to the time of digging, whereas other varieties were dead three weeks.

Geo. W. Coleman.

Port Allegany, Pa.
I never had such nice potatoes as I raised this year from seed purchased of you. They are all you claim them to be.

Lewis Tilley.

McDonald, Pa.
Your potatoes yielded double the amount of others planted alongside and were clear of blight.

R. W. Vermillion.

Litchfield Co., Conn., Oct. 15, 1907.
Neither Early Manistees nor Twentieth Centuries raised from your seed showed any signs of blight or disease. Notwithstanding the poor season we had a good crop of potatoes that for quality cannot be beaten.

Geo. L. Dibble.

Orange Co., N. Y.
The potatoes I bought of you have proved very satisfactory. The Ionias, Twentieth Centuries and Moneymakers were all free from blight and gave good yields.

W. A. Wehner.

Lehigh Co., Pa., Oct. 16, 1907.
The twelve varieties of potatoes we got from you gave entire satisfaction. We planted thirty-four varieties and the twelve yielded best, both in quantity and quality. We exhibited thirty-four varieties at the Great Allentown fair and got premiums for twenty-five varieties.

Geo. H. Rex & Son.

Conn. Agricultural Experiment Sta.,
New Haven, Conn.
The seed potatoes were satisfactory and there was no blight.

E. M. East, Agronomist.

Berks Co., Pa., Oct. 17, 1907.
The crop of potatoes I raised from your seed was good, and entirely free from blight. Tubers are all solid, and nearly every one of merchantable size.

D. D. Fisher.

The Rural New Yorker, N. Y.
Edward F. Dibble,
Dear Sir: The seed potatoes I obtained from you this year were very satisfactory. I obtained a yield which I figure at 300 bushels per acre.

Yours truly,
H. W. Collingwood, Editor.

Sullivan Co., N. H.
The seed corn sent me last spring proved O. K. It grew about 10 feet high, and every stalk had an ear and some of them two.

C. T. Rossiter.

Eden Trial Grounds,
Raynham, Mass., Nov. 1, 1907.
Ionias have again given the heaviest yield of any variety tried. The other varieties made a good showing. This has been a most peculiar season, dryest ever known here.

J. R. Lawrence.

Worcester Co., Mass., Oct. 25, 1907.
I had a fine crop of extra large Manistees and free from blight. From the Ionias I had a crop of 70 bushels of large ones and about a peck of small ones from two bushels of seed.

C. H. Burdette.

Ontario Co., N. Y.
From the four acres of Ionia Seedlings we had a most satisfactory yield of over 350 bushels per acre.

Samuel Wallace.

Suffield, Conn., Oct. 28, 1907.
Would say that the Manistees bought of you this year were free from blight and extra good yielders. I had the largest yield of anybody around here. I shall want enough for five acres next season. I sold all of my potatoes for \$1.00 per bushel when others sold for 85c.

Yours truly,
Frank S. Briggs.

Ludlow, Mass., Dec. 13, 1907.
The Ionias and Moneymakers grew well, entirely exempt from blight and rot. Money-maker productive and of uniform size, Ionia very productive, showing ideal tops.

John M. Ischam.

Herkimer Co., N. Y.
The seed came all right and we had a splendid field of corn.

Yours very truly,
Edwin P. Smith.

Clarion Co., Pa.
The Twentieth Centuries bought from you are dandies. Planted one bushel and got twenty-five. They did not blight.

Frank Rex.

Glenburnie Farm, Berkshire Co., Mass.
Twentieth Century potatoes yielded fully 200 bushels per acre and not more than four or five bushels of small ones in the lot.

H. C. Haven.

Mercer Co., Pa.
I got 91 bushels of good marketable potatoes from one barrel Ionia Seedlings planted.

L. Steingrabe.

Cortland Co., N. Y.
The Ionia Seedlings averaged over 300 bushels per acre.

W. J. Shaver.

What Dibble's Seeds have done for others, they will do for you.

Hampshire Co., Mass.
The Carman No. 3 yielded 290 bushels per acre, Early Ohios 270, Early Manistees 310.
Yours respectfully,
E. N. Hickey.

Windham Co., Conn.
The Manistees raised from your seed were unexcelled in quality and quantity. I am
Yours truly,
Oscar Johnson.

St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.
The Manistees are a fine potato yielding at the rate of 200 bushels per acre.
G. A. Kezer & Son.

Springfield, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1907.
As you are no doubt aware, the Ohio potato crop was very poor, but the potatoes I got from you were the best I ever planted. The Ionia Seedling is a grand potato. The Early Manistee is a heavy yielder. In fact they were the best yielders in adverse conditions that I ever saw.

A. R. Bard.

Bradford Co., Pa., Nov. 19, 1907.
The four varieties were free from blight and rot and stood the drought very good. In fact they were very satisfactory in every way.
Arthur Kenyon.

Montgomery Co., N. Y.
The corn did well with us. We had a crop from 12 to 15 feet high with good ears. We want some more this spring.
James C. Thompson.

Ontario Co., N. Y.
The Early Manistees yielded over 300 bushels per acre.
Maurice E. Warner.

S. M. Jordan of Maplewood, N. Y. says, "The Mammoth Yellow Flint corn bought of you last spring is simply immense. I cannot say too much in its praise."

Schuylkill Co., Pa.
I am well satisfied with my potatoes. They were free from blight and a very good yield.
John H. Kessler.

Manitoba, Canada.
Absolutely free from blight are the Manistees. Had a return of over 50 bushels from the barrel you sent me. Just the sort for Manitoba.

G. G. Allen.

Erie Co., Ohio.
From the two bushels Ionia planted, I got 82 bushels.

Yours truly,
W. L. Douglass.

Adams Co., Pa.
The Ionia Seedling potatoes I bought of you last spring yielded more per acre than any other of the four varieties planted in the same field.

Daniel D. Bucher.

Chautauqua Co., N. Y.
About the seed corn, would say that 99 per cent. of the corn grew and averaged about 11 feet in height and every stalk had a nice ear on it. I used it for the silo and it makes a nice ensilage.

Yours truly,
L. W. Hollister.

Tompkins Co., N. Y.
I am well pleased with the Leaming corn. Planted it May 9th, cut it Sept. 25th. It was just in prime order for the silo. I had four acres of it and think it would average 12 feet. The four acres filled a silo 12 x 13 feet 24 feet high after three days stand.

Yours truly,
C. F. Benson.

Franklin Co., Mass.
All varieties bought of you, Manistees, Ionia Seedlings and Moneymakers were absolutely free from rot. The Ionia yielded best of any variety.

L. H. Bronson.

Sullivan Co., N. Y.
The Early Manistees are all that any one could wish. I planted them beside other varieties, and they yielded a third more than other sorts.

J. M. Purvis.

East Worcester, Mass.
We were well pleased with the corn. 95 per cent. of it grew. The stalks averaged 11 feet high. After filling our silo, we husked the rest and there were two ears a foot long to a stalk.

Wm. Rury.

Lime Rock, Conn.
I consider your Manistee a grand potato. They are blight proof, and I find they turned out just as you advertised in every way.

Wm. Stone.

Columbiana Co., Ohio.
The yield from your Ionia and Manistee was much better than I expected, and the quality is all that anyone could wish for.

H. S. Adams.

Bradford Co., Pa.
The germination of seed corn purchased of you must have been nearly perfect, judging from the stand we had.

J. D. Pierce.

Cheshire Co., N. H.
The Twentieth Century potatoes were blight proof and good yielders. All my neighbors' potatoes blighted early and they had a poor yield.

Elisha A. Smith.

Ballston Spa, N. Y.
The Improved Leaming corn proved very satisfactory, the best of any I ever planted. It germinated well, was 10 to 12 feet in height and there was an ear on nearly every stalk.

Frank Stone.

Our Farm Seeds give good results wherever sown.

Oswego Co., N. Y.

The Early Manistee is the best both as to yield and quality of any I ever grew.

Yours,
B. M. Wilcox.

Chester Co., Pa.

The Twentieth Century potatoes did not blight. Others alongside did. The yield is fully one-third more than other standard varieties alongside.

P. T. Vogle.

St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.

The Eighty Day Dent corn was very fine and I think every kernel grew. Corn was heavily eared.

Arthur Freeman.

Bartholomew Co., Ind.

The crop of potatoes raised from seed purchased from you last spring, was the best I ever had, entirely free from blight. The quality was of the best, hardly any seconds.

W. R. Gant.

Ontario Co., N. Y.

I raised on 12 acres 1,785 bushels of the Mammoth Yellow Flint Corn.

Henry Parmalee.

Norfolk, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1907.

The Improved Leaming corn germinated well. Prefer it to any other corn that I have ever used for silo purposes.

L. B. Baxter.

Greene Co., Pa.

The Ionia Seedlings were fine and yielded 325 bushels to the acre.

T. J. Ross.

State Institution for Feeble Minded,

Polk, Venango Co., Pa., Oct. 8, '07.

We have been using the Improved Early Leaming corn for ensilage for the past three or four years, and have been very successful in getting large harvests. Our crop for this year was very satisfactory. The corn germinated well for us, and if anything we had a better stand than last year. The stalks grew from 10 to 12 feet high, and at the time of cutting, Sept. 10, had grown good sized ears.

Geo. L. Weaver, Steward.

Middlesex Co., Conn.

The Ionia Sseedling and the Twentieth Century potatoes received from you, were the best potatoes in every way that I ever planted. One barrel of each yielded 60 bushels of potatoes each and did not blight.

Chas. Leuchtmann.

Albany Co., N. Y.

The Twentieth Century, Manistee and Ionia Seedling gave double the yield of other kinds planted by their side and were free from blight.

Amasa Slingerland.

Oxford Co., Me.

I have just finished digging Twentieth Century potatoes and the yield is 288 bushels per acre.

Wm. H. Porter.

Otsego Co., N. Y.

The Twentieth Centuries yielded 250 bushels per acre. I am well pleased with them.

A. W. Northrup.

Tompkins Co., N. Y.

The potatoes that I raised from your seed had no blight. While my neighbors were blighted, I had none on mine.

Wm. Spence.

Ulster Co., N. Y.

Potatoes all O. K. No blight, no rot. All right good cookers as fine as ever put in a cook pot.

Wm. Abernethy.

Columbia Co., N. Y.

Would say in regard to seed potatoes bought of you, I raised 25 bbls. from 1 bbl. of the Manistees and not a particle of blight.

Respectfully yours,

F. C. Oles.

Wyoming Co., Pa.

We had good yield, no blight. While the ground was not what you might call good potato ground, we had a good crop. Neighbors all around complaining of rotting bad.

Yours respectfully,

W. H. Dugan.

Yates Co., N. Y.

The Ionia Seedling is the best late potato I have ever tried. The vines are extra strong and free from blight. My yield was about 250 bushels per acre.

Howard S. Fulliger.

Lewiston, Maine, Nov. 7th.

Last spring I purchased of you a barrel of Centuries and a barrel of Ionias. They certainly resisted rust well, the vines being green when the potatoes were dug. A fine crop also.

Yours respectfully,
C. F. Sargent.

Hartford Co., Conn.

The early Manistees yielded a good 300 bushels to the acre.

C. B. Weir.

West Woodstock, Conn., Oct. 29, 1907.

I am much pleased with my crop of potatoes raised from the four barrels of seed I bought of you last spring.

Irving W. Perrine.

ORDER SHEET.

Edward F. Dibble, Seed Grower, HONEOYE FALLS, N. Y.

Over 2000 Acres under actual Cultivation.

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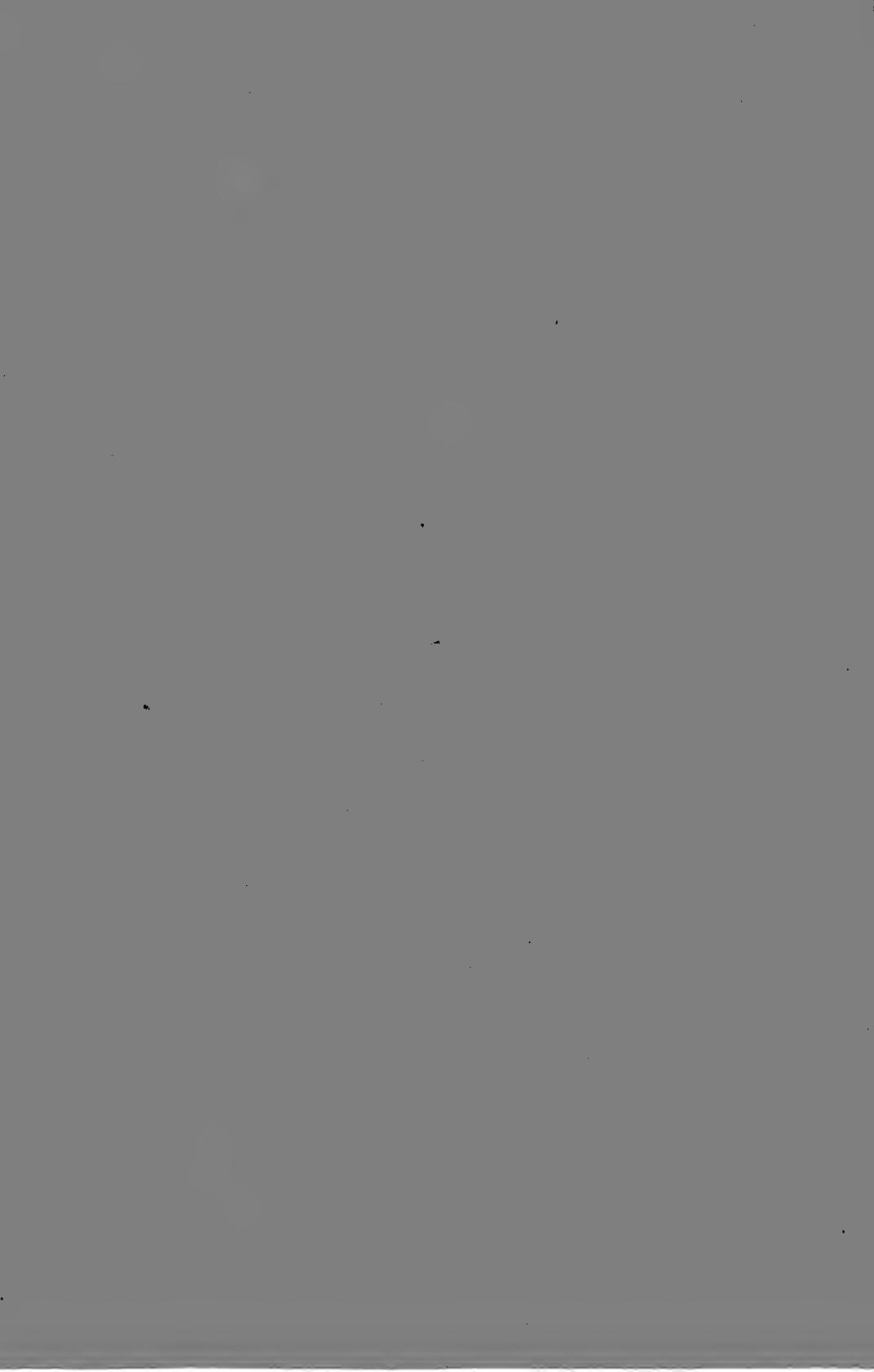
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EDWARD F. DIBBLE, Seed Grower,

Honeoye Falls,

N. Y.



The earliest of all.
Straw 4 to 5 feet high.

The most productive, average yield with good culture, 80-100 bu. per acre.

Thin-hulled, plump, white, heavy grain weighing 34-38 lbs. per bu.
Positively Rust-proof with us for four years in succession.

- DIBBLE'S -
TWENTIETH CENTURY
- - OATS - -

Absolutely the best variety in cultivation, especially adapted for the Middle and Eastern States.

After four years' trial in field culture, growing 100 to 150 acres annually, testing the new varieties from year to year, we have abandoned all other kinds and now grow solely the

TWENTIETH CENTURY

having found them the earliest of all by ten days and the most prolific with the tallest, stiffest straw and longest heads filled with thin-hulled, plump, white grain.

6000 BUSHELS grown on the Dibble Farms this season which we offer direct from our farms to yours at live and let live prices.

For full description and testimonials see inside pages.